

SAINIK SCHOOL GOPALGANJ
SUB: SOCIAL SCIENCE
CLASS-VII

Tracing Changes Through A Thousand Years (Our Pasts –II)

Q.1. Given below are the four options against each question out of which select any one which you consider the most appropriate:

- (i) In which century Babur used Hindustan to describe geography?
(a) 17th century (b) 18th century
(c) 16th century (d) None of these
- (ii) Why do historians to-day have to be careful about the terms in the past?
(a) Because they do not know the meaning of terms
(b) Because the terms may have more than one meaning
(c) Because the terms meant different in the past
(d) None of the above
- (iii) What are the difficulties historians face in using manuscripts?
(a) Manuscripts copied by hand
(b) Manuscript's hand writing could not be clear
(c) Manuscripts provided lot of information
(d) All of the above
- (iv) Which type of people collected Manuscripts?
(a) Poor people (b) Wealthy people
(c) Local people (d) None of these
- (v) Where were the manuscripts placed ?
(a) At home (b) Libraries
(c) Archives (d) Both (a) and (b)
- (vi) Why did the groups of people travelled long distances?
(a) In search of food (b) In search of water
(c) In search of opportunity (d) In search of shelter
- (vii) Who had accepted the authority of the early Muslim leaders?
(a) Sunni (b) Shia
(c) Khalifas (d) None of these
- (viii) In which century British historians divided the history of India into three periods Hindu, Muslim and British?

- (a) 18th century
- (c) 19th century

- (b) 17th century
- (d) None of these

(ix) Ziyauddin Barani wrote his Chronicle first in?

- (a) 13th century
- (c) 14th century

- (b) 12th century
- (d) 15th century

(x) In which centuries the term was applied more generally to a group of warriors who claimed Kshatriya caste status?

- (a) Between the eighth and fourteenth centuries
- (b) Between the nineteenth and twenty centuries
- (c) Between the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries
- (d) None of the above

Q.2. Fill in the blanks.

a. Archives are places where _____ are kept.

b. _____ was a fourteenth-century chronicler.

c. _____, _____, _____, _____ and _____ were some of the new crops introduced into the subcontinent during this period.

iv. Several villages were governed by a -----

Q. 3.True/False

a. We do not find inscriptions for the period after 700.

b. The Marathas asserted their political importance during this period.

c. Forest-dwellers were sometimes pushed out of their lands with the spread of agricultural settlements.

d. Sultan Ghiyasuddin Balban controlled Assam, Manipur and Kashmir.

Q.4. Answer the following questions-

1. Who is a Cartographer?

2. If the context in which information is produced changes with time, what about language and meanings?

3. What is the meaning of tracing changes through a thousand years?

4. What is a habitat?

5. What did the poet Amir Khusrau note in 1318?

6. Do you remember what Amir Khusrau had to say regarding Sanskrit, knowledge and Brahmanas?

7. Who is a Patron?

8. Who was considered a “foreigner” in the past?
9. Who were known as scribes?
10. How do historians divide the past into periods?
11. What do you understand by discontinuity in historical sources?
12. List some of the technological changes associated with 700-1750 .
13. What were some of the major religious developments during 700-1750 ?
14. In what ways has the meaning of the term “Hindustan” changed over the centuries?
15. How were the affairs of jatis regulated? What do you know about jati panchayat?
16. What does the term pan-regional empire mean?
17. What are the difficulties historians face in using manuscripts? Discuss.
18. How do historians divide the past into periods? Do they face any problems in doing so?
19. Give a reason why the information from the manuscripts is difficult to use during the thousand years.
20. What is the value of paper in the thirteenth and fourteenth century? Compare.
21. What is Archives ? Who used to collect manuscripts in the past ?
22. How do Sunni and Shia Muslims differ?
23. In which century the teachings of the Holy Quran first came to India??
- 24.. What was the extent of Delhi Sultan Ghiyasuddin Balban's empire?